

TOP SECRET

25X1

2 November 1962

25X1
Copy No. C ED-12

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN



25X1

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

TOP SECRET

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/04/17 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006700020001-5

Approved For Release 2003/04/17 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006700020001-5

2 November 1962

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

CONTENTS

25X1

2. Cuba: Castro speech not effective. (Page *i-a*)

25X1

8. East Germany - USSR: Moscow apparently consulting with Czechs and East Germans on Cuba problem. (Page *vi*)

25X1

10. Cambodia - South Vietnam: New Cambodian - South Vietnamese border incidents. (Page *viii*)

25X1

25X1

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/04/17 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006700020001-5

Approved For Release 2003/04/17 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006700020001-5

***Cuba:** Fidel Castro's 1 November speech was not an effective performance. He appeared nervous and hesitant during the major portion of his speech devoted to reading a transcript of his 30 and 31 October talks with U Thant. He seemed somewhat more confident and forceful during the concluding portion when he spoke in his customary extemporaneous manner.

He conceded that the decision to pull out the Soviet "strategic weapons" gave his government "some reason for discontent," but added that "we respected the decision since these weapons were not under our command." He stressed that the Soviet Union is still Cuba's friend and differences will be discussed "in the light of reason and principle" since "the important fact is that we are Marxist-Leninists."

He emphasized that Cuba is not being disarmed; all but the "strategic weapons" are to remain and "they are a powerful means of defense." He revealed for the first time that "some time ago" the Soviet Union had canceled Cuba's arms debts and has not charged for the "basic arms" sent to Cuba.

Castro reiterated his "five points," stressing particularly his demand for the evacuation of the US Naval Base at Guantanamo Bay.

25X1
25X1

[redacted] [redacted] [redacted]
report continuing evidence of a
decline in Soviet and Cuban prestige among Latin Amer-
ican Communist and other pro-Castro groups as a re-
sult of the events of the past week. [redacted]

25X1
25X1

2 Nov 62

DAILY BRIEF

i-a

[redacted]
25X1

Next 5 Page(s) In Document Exempt

25X1

East Germany - USSR: The appearance in Moscow of the leaders of the two satellites most intimately concerned with economic and military assistance to Cuba suggests that Soviet leaders wish to reassess the bloc's policy toward Cuba and the consequences of this episode for the bloc.

East German party leader Ulbricht arrived in Moscow yesterday, one day after the departure of Czech President Novotny. Both were accompanied by top-level delegations which included economic and ideological figures.

Ulbricht probably also shares the concern of other East German officials that Soviet action in Cuba means a further postponement of his regime's major objective--a German peace treaty. Soviet representatives have generally been playing down the imminence of such a move.

Khrushchev, therefore, probably is reviewing with the East European leaders future policy considerations on specific East-West issues which he raised in his recent exchange with President Kennedy.

25X1

2 Nov 62

DAILY BRIEF

vi

25X1

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/04/17 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006700020001-5

Approved For Release 2003/04/17 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006700020001-5

Cambodia - South Vietnam: Recent border incidents between South Vietnam and Cambodia will reinforce Prince Sihanouk's determination to obtain international commitments to respect Cambodia's neutrality and territorial integrity.

Phnom Penh charges that two South Vietnamese aircraft strafed Cambodian villages in the northeast border region on 25 October, killing and wounding several persons. A communiqué on this incident noted that this was Cambodia's "second warning." This refers to Sihanouk's statement in September that he would tolerate only "two more" South Vietnamese "acts of aggression" before breaking off relations.

A potentially more serious incident occurred on 31 October when two Cambodian T-28s were intercepted by South Vietnamese planes, apparently over South Vietnamese territory. Warning shots were fired before the Cambodian planes turned back. This is the first encounter between aircraft of the two countries.

25X1

2 Nov 62

DAILY BRIEF

viii

25X1

Next 1 Page(s) In Document Exempt

THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Counsel to the President

The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

The Director, Office of Emergency Planning

The Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Under Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

The Assistant Secretary of Defense

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

Commander in Chief, Atlantic

The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

The Director, The Joint Staff

The Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

The Department of Justice

The Attorney General

The Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

The Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

The National Security Agency

The Director

The United States Information Agency

The Director

The National Indications Center

The Director

TOP SECRET